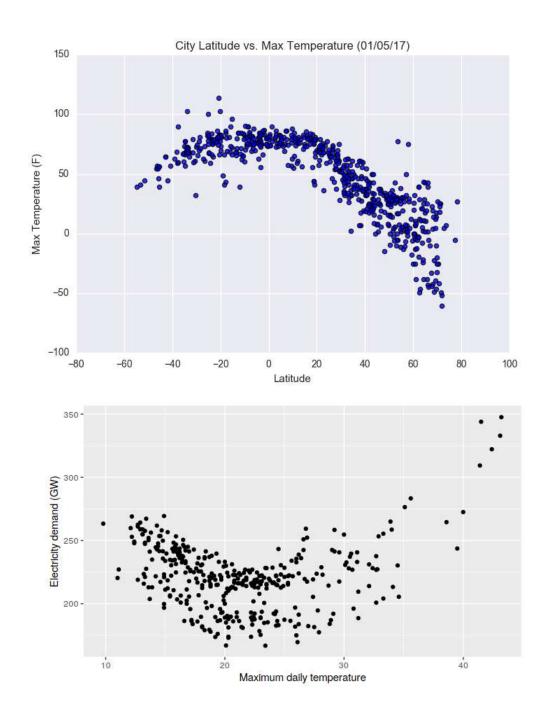
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A quadratic relationship is

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There are 3 forms that we will see in this chapter:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Each form has its own advantages when it comes to graphing, so it is helpful to be able to move between forms.

Example Convert to Standard Form $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

- a. $y = 14x + x^2 5$ b. y = (x 4)(2x + 1) c. y = 3x(x 6) + 11

Example Convert to Factored Form d. $y = x^2 + 6x + 8$ e. $y = x^2 - 7x + 10$ f. $y = 2x^2 + x - 6$