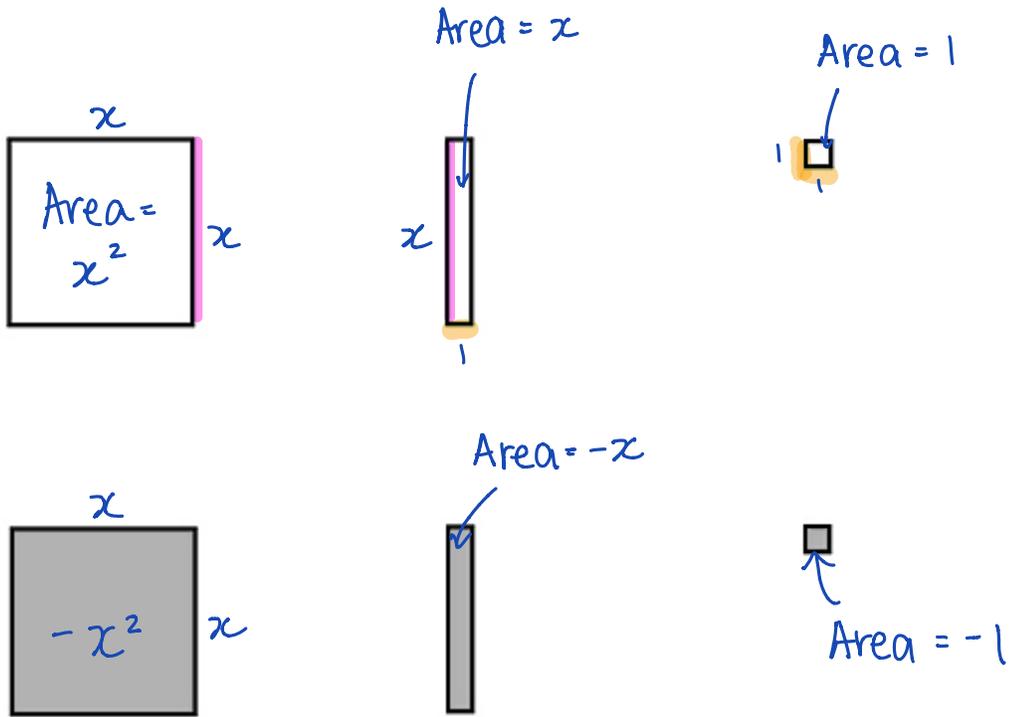


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

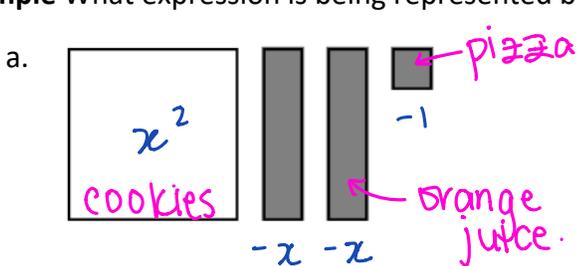
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Learning Goal 5.1** I can identify characteristics of polynomials and simplify polynomials by collecting like terms.

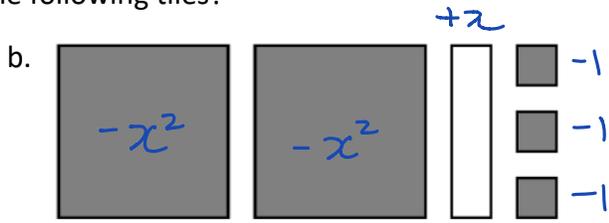
Algebra Tiles : tiles that represent an area



**Example** What expression is being represented by the following tiles?



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cancel{x^2} - x - x - 1 \\
 & = x^2 - 2x - 1
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \underline{-x^2 - x^2} + x \underline{-1 - 1 - 1} \\
 & = -2x^2 + x - 3
 \end{aligned}$$

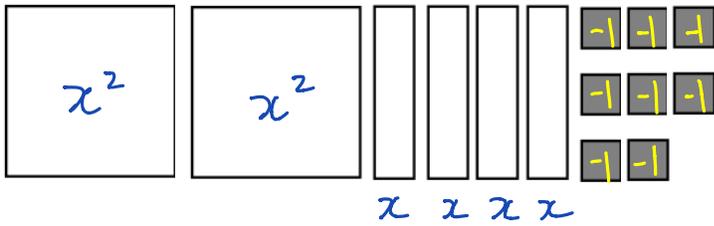
Assignment

p. 213 #1-9, 12-16, 20

Quiz Next Day!

quadratic      linear      constant

c.



$$x^2 + x^2 + x + x + x + x - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1$$

$$= 2x^2 + 4x - 8$$

**Example** What expression is being represented by the following tiles? Can it be simplified?

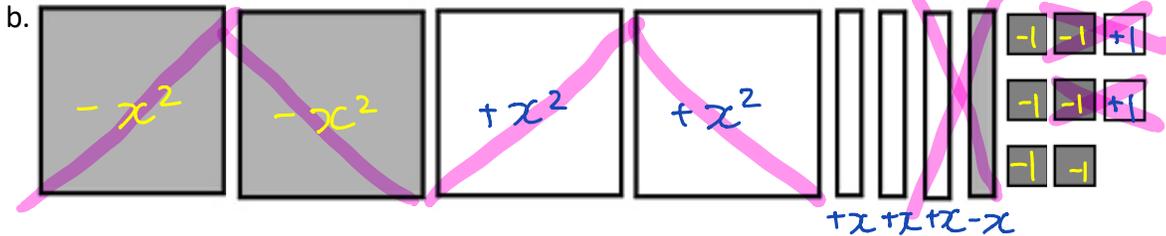
a.

$$-x^2 - x^2 + x - x + 1 + 1 + 1 - 1 - 1$$

$$= -2x^2 + 0x + 1$$

↑ algebra

Tiles:  $-2x^2 + 1$   
term



$$-x^2 - x^2 + x^2 + x^2 + x + x + x - x - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 + 1 + 1 = 2x(-4)$$

term ← term

Definitions <span style="color: magenta;">whole #: 0, 1, 2, 3, ...</span>	
Polynomial	an expression consisting of variables and coefficients where exponents on all variables belong to the whole number set.
Monomial	a polynomial with just one term.
Binomial	a polynomial with 2 terms.
Trinomial	a polynomial with 3 terms.
Term	a number multiplying a variable(s) with a whole # exp.
Constant	a term without a variable
Coefficient	the number that multiplies the variable ex. <span style="border: 1px solid magenta; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">2</span> $x$
Degree	the largest exponent in the polynomial on a variable.