Name:
Date: $\qquad$

| Learning Goal 3.2 | Factoring, including the factor theorem and the remainder <br> theorem. |
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Recall Long Division by dividing 6947 by 52 .

| Dividend |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Quotient |  |
| Divisor |  |
| Remainder |  |

Write a division statement that explicitely shows the dividend, the quotient and the remainder in two ways.

Example Divide the quadratic polynomial $P(x)=x^{2}+7 x+17$ by the linear polynomial $D(x)=x+3$. Write a division statement in the following form, stating any restrictions on the variable.

$$
\frac{P(x)}{D(x)}=Q(x)+\frac{R}{D(x)}
$$

| $P(x)$ |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| $Q(x)$ |  |
| $D(x)$ |  |
| $R$ |  |

Example Divide the polynomial $P(x)=5 x^{3}+10 x-13 x^{2}-9$ by $x-2$. Write a division statement and identify any restrictions on the variable.

Example Divide $2 x^{3}+3 x^{2}-4 x+15$ by $x+3$ using synthetic division.

Example Divide $x^{3}+7 x^{2}-3 x+4$ by $x-2$ using synthetic division.

Example Two factors of $12 a^{4}-39 a^{2}+8 a-8 a^{3}+12$ are $a-2$ and $2 a+1$. Find the other factors.

