

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Learning Goal 6.1**

Using identities to reduce complexity in expressions and solve equations.

**Sum and Difference Identities**

$$\cos(A + B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A + B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$$

$$\cos(A - B) = \cos A \cos B + \sin A \sin B$$

$$\sin(A - B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$$

$$\tan(A + B) = \frac{\tan A + \tan B}{1 - \tan A \tan B}$$

$$\tan(A - B) = \frac{\tan A - \tan B}{1 + \tan A \tan B}$$

**Example** Verify the identity  $\sin(A - B) = \sin A \cos B - \cos A \sin B$  numerically, without a calculator, for

$$\sphericalangle A = \frac{\pi}{3} \quad \text{and} \quad \sphericalangle B = \frac{\pi}{4}.$$

**Example** Express the following as a trigonometric function of a single angle.

$$\sin(\pi) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) - \cos(\pi) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)$$

**Example** Simplify and then give an exact value for each expression.

a.  $\cos 25^\circ \cos 5^\circ - \sin 25^\circ \sin 5^\circ$

b.  $\sin \frac{\pi}{3} \cos \frac{\pi}{6} + \cos \frac{\pi}{3} \sin \frac{\pi}{6}$

**Example** Simplify  $\sin(x - \pi)$ .

**Example** Determine the exact value of  $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right)$ .

**Example** If  $\sin A = \frac{1}{5}$  and  $\cos B = \frac{4}{7}$ ,  $\angle A$  is in QII and  $\angle B$  is in Q1, find an exact value for  $\cos(A + B)$ .