Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

| Learning Goal 5.1 | Express an entire radical as a simplified mixed radical and vice <br> versa. Identify and order irrational numbers. |
| :--- | :--- |

Example Order these numbers least to greatest.

$$
4 \sqrt{13}, \quad 8 \sqrt{3}, \quad 14, \quad \sqrt{202}, \quad 10 \sqrt{2}
$$

Example Order these numbers least to greatest.

$$
\sqrt[3]{2}, \quad 8 \sqrt{2}, \quad 2, \quad \sqrt[4]{20}, \quad \sqrt[5]{20}
$$

Recall like terms in algebra: Extend to radicals:

$$
5 a+4 c+3 a-9 c+2 b \quad \sqrt{27}+\sqrt{3}
$$

Example Simplify radicals and combine like terms.
a. $-\sqrt{27}+3 \sqrt{5}-\sqrt{80}-2 \sqrt{12}$
b. $\sqrt{4 c}-4 \sqrt{9 c}, \quad c \geq 0$

Example The speed, $v$, in kilometres per hour, of a car before a collision can be approximated from the length, $d$, in metres, of the skid mark left by the tire. On a dry day, one formula that approximates this speed is

$$
v=\sqrt{169 d}, d \geq 0
$$

a. Rewrite the formula as a mixed radical.
b. What is the approximate speed of a car if the skid mark measures 13.4 m ? Express your answer to the nearest kilometre per hour.

