Name: \_\_

Date:

**Learning Goal 5.2** 

Use exponent laws to evaluate expression with positive and negative rational exponents.

Evaluate the following expressions without a calculator. Leave your answers as fractions.

a. 
$$3^{-2} = \frac{1}{3^2}$$

b. 
$$2^{-4} = \frac{1}{2^4} = \frac{1}{16}$$

c. 
$$(0.3)^{-4} = \left(\frac{3}{10}\right)^{-4}$$

$$= \left(\frac{10}{3}\right)^{4}$$

$$= \frac{10000}{81}$$

d. 
$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-3} = \left(\frac{3}{1}\right)^{3}$$
$$= 3^{3}$$
$$= 27$$

e. 
$$\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-2} = \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)^2$$
 f.  $\frac{1}{5^{-3}} = 5^3$   
=  $\frac{9}{4}$ 

f. 
$$\frac{1}{5^{-3}} = 5^3$$
  
= 125

Simplify the following expressions to a single power with only positive exponents. Do not evaluate. Show all your work.

a. 
$$((11^3 \times 11^{-7})^{-3})^2$$
  
=  $((11^{-4})^{-3})^2$   
=  $(11^{12})^2$   
=  $11^{24}$ 

b. 
$$(32^{-2} \times 128)^{-4}$$

$$= ((2^{5})^{-2} \times (2^{7}))^{-4}$$

$$= (2^{-10} \times 2^{7})^{-4}$$

$$= (2^{-3})^{-4}$$

$$= 2^{12}$$

e.

c. 
$$((q^{-5} \times q^{-4})^2)^{-4}$$

$$= ((q^{-9})^2)^{-4}$$

$$= (q^{-18})^{-4}$$

$$= q^{72}$$

d. 
$$-\left(\frac{t^{-9}}{t^{-12}}\right)^{-4} = -\left(\frac{t^{12}}{t^9}\right)^{-4}$$
$$= -\left(\frac{t^9}{t^{12}}\right)^4$$
$$= -\left(\frac{1}{t^3}\right)^4$$
$$= -\frac{1}{t^{12}}$$

$$\left(-\left(\frac{w^{-3}}{w^3}\right)^2\right)^{-8}$$

$$= \left(-\left(\frac{1}{w^3 \times w^3}\right)^2\right)^{-8}$$

$$= \left(-\left(\frac{1}{w^6}\right)^2\right)^{-8}$$

$$= \left(-\frac{1}{w^{12}}\right)^{-8}$$

$$= (-w^{12})^8$$

$$= w^{96}$$

f. 
$$\left(\frac{-81^2}{27^{-6}}\right)^{-3}$$

$$= \left(\frac{-(3^4)^2}{(3^3)^{-6}}\right)^{-3}$$

$$= \left(\frac{-3^8}{3^{-18}}\right)^{-3}$$

$$= (-3^8 \times 3^{18})^{-3}$$

$$= (-3^{26})^{-3}$$

$$= \left(-\frac{1}{3^{26}}\right)^3$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3^{78}}$$