Section 2.2 Trigonometric Ratios of Any Angle Day 2

Trigonometry

Name:

Date: _____

Learning Goal 2.2	Using trigonometric ratios and solving simple
	trigonometric equations.

1. Determine the exact value of $\sin 240^\circ$.

 240° is in quadrant III so $heta_R=240^\circ-180^\circ=60^\circ$





2. Solve
$$\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$
, $0^\circ \le \theta < 360^\circ$

The sine ratio is negative in quadrants III and IV (so two solutions in the given range of values), and the value indicates that we need to consider the $45^{\circ} - 45^{\circ} - 90^{\circ}$ special triangle.

 $\theta_1 = 180^\circ + 45^\circ$ = 225° $\theta_2 = 360^\circ - 45^\circ$ = 315°



3. Solve
$$\tan \theta = -1$$
, $-360^\circ \le \theta < 360^\circ$

The tangent ratio is negative in quadrants II and IV (so four solution in the given range of values) and the value indicates that we need to consider the $45^\circ - 45^\circ - 90^\circ$ special triangle.

$$\begin{aligned} \theta_1 &= -180^\circ - 45^\circ & \theta_2 &= 0^\circ - 45^\circ \\ &= -225^\circ & = -45^\circ \\ \theta_3 &= 180^\circ - 45^\circ & \theta_1 &= 360^\circ - 45^\circ \\ &= 135^\circ & = 315^\circ \end{aligned}$$



4. Determine the exact values of the sine, cosine and tangent ratios for 210°

