

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

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<b>Learning Goal 6.1</b>	Using identities to reduce complexity in expressions and solve equations.
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Things to remember before you get started:

1. Write as a single fraction.

a.  $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{7}$   
 $= \frac{14}{35} + \frac{15}{35} = \frac{29}{35}$

b.  $\frac{7}{x} + \frac{2x}{x+1}$   
 $= \frac{7(x+1) + 2x(x)}{x(x+1)}$   
 $= \frac{2x^2 + 7x + 7}{x^2 + x}$

c.  $\sec x + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$   
 $= \frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$   
 $= \frac{\sin x + \cos^2 x}{\sin x \cos x}$

2. Simplify.

a.  $\frac{\frac{x}{x} + \frac{1}{x}}{\frac{y}{x}}$   
 $= \frac{\left(\frac{x+1}{x}\right)}{\frac{y}{x}}$   
 $= \left(\frac{x+1}{x}\right) \left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$   
 $= \frac{x+1}{y}$

b.  $\sin x + \tan x$   
 $= \sin x + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$   
 $= \frac{\sin x \cos x + \sin x}{\cos x}$   
 $= \frac{\sin x (\cos x + 1)}{\cos x}$

c.  $\frac{\cos x + \tan x}{\cot x + \sec x}$   
 $= \frac{\cos x + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} + \frac{1}{\cos x}}$   
 $= \frac{\frac{\cos^2 x + \sin x}{\cos x}}{\frac{\cos^2 x + \sin x}{\sin x \cos x}}$   
 $= \sin x$

3. Factor.

a.  $2a + 14ab$   
 $= 2a(1 + 7b)$

b.  $\sin x \cos x + \cos x$   
 $= \cos x (\sin x + 1)$

c.  $\tan^2 x - 16$   
 $y = \tan x$   
 $y^2 - 16 = (y+4)(y-4)$   
 $= (\tan x + 4)(\tan x - 4)$

d.  $\tan^2 x + 5 \tan x - 6$   
 $y = \tan x$   
 $y^2 + 5y - 6 = (y-1)(y+6)$   
 $= (\tan x - 1)(\tan x + 6)$

4. State the non-permissible values (restrictions).

a.  $\frac{3x}{x} - \frac{7}{2x^2 - 4x + 2}$   
 NPV:  $x \neq 0$   
 $2(x^2 - 2x + 1) \neq 0$   
 $2(x-1)^2 \neq 0$   
 $x-1 \neq 0$   
 $x \neq 1$

b.  $\csc x$   
 $= \frac{1}{\sin x}$   
 NPV:  $\sin x \neq 0$   
 $x \neq 0, \pi, 2\pi$

c.  $\frac{\sin x \tan x}{\cos x - 1}$   
 ① DENOMINATOR = 0  
 $\cos x - 1 \neq 0$   
 $\cos x \neq 1$   
 $x \neq 2\pi, 0$

② EXPRESSION UNDEFINED  
 $\tan x \neq \text{DNE}$   
 $\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \neq \text{DNE}$   
 $\cos x \neq 0$   
 $x \neq \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$

$\cos x \neq 0$   
 $x \neq \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$

**Example** Prove. State any non-permissible values.

a.  $\tan x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{\sin 2x}$

$$= \frac{1 - (2\cos^2 x - 1)}{2\sin x \cos x}$$

$$= \frac{1 - 2\cos^2 x + 1}{2\sin x \cos x}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 2\cos^2 x}{2\sin x \cos x}$$

$$= \frac{2(1 - \cos^2 x)}{2\sin x \cos x} \leftarrow \sin^2 x = 1 - \cos^2 x$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin x \cos x}$$

$$= \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$= \tan x$$

b.  $\frac{1}{1 + \sin x} = \frac{\sec x - \sin x \sec x}{\cos x}$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\cos x} - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}\right)}{\cos x}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1 - \sin x}{\cos x}\right) \left(\frac{1}{\cos x}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1 - \sin x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \sin x}{1 - \sin^2 x} \leftarrow = \frac{1 - y^2}{(1 + y)(1 - y)}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \sin x}{(1 + \sin x)(1 - \sin x)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \sin x}$$

c.  $\frac{\sin 2x - \cos x}{4\sin^2 x - 1} = \frac{\sin^2 x \cos x + \cos^3 x}{2\sin x + 1}$

$$= \frac{2\sin x \cos x - \cos x}{4\sin^2 x - 1}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x (2\sin x - 1)}{4\sin^2 x - 1}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x (2\sin x - 1)}{(2\sin x + 1)(2\sin x - 1)}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x}{2\sin x + 1}$$

d.  $\frac{1 + \sin \theta}{1 - \sin \theta} = \frac{1 + \sin \theta}{\cos^2 \theta} \times \frac{1 - \sin \theta}{1 - \sin \theta}$

$$= \frac{\cos x (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)}{2\sin x + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x}{2\sin x + 1} \times \frac{2\sin x - 1}{2\sin x - 1}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x (2\sin x - 1)}{4\sin^2 x - 2\sin x + 2\sin x - 1}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x (2\sin x - 1)}{4\sin^2 x - 1}$$

$$= \frac{1 + \sin \theta}{1 - \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$= \frac{1 + \sin \theta}{(1 - \sin \theta)(1 + \sin \theta)}$$

$$= \frac{1 + \sin \theta}{1 - \sin \theta}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \sin \theta + \sin \theta - \sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta (1 - \sin \theta)}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \sin^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta (1 - \sin \theta)}$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\cos^2 \theta (1 - \sin \theta)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - \sin \theta}$$

NPVS.

$$1 - \sin \theta \neq 0$$

$$\sin \theta \neq 1$$

$$\theta \neq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\cos^2 \theta \neq 0$$

$$\cos \theta \neq 0$$

$$\theta \neq \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$