

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Learning Goal 6.2**

Constructing and using the following forms of a linear equation:

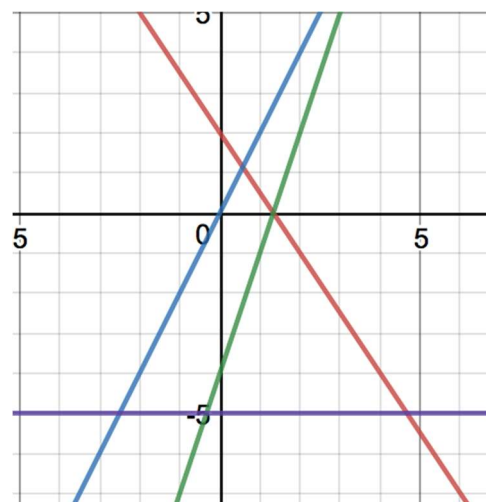
- Slope – Intercept Form  $y = mx + b$ ,
- Slope – Point Form  $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ , and
- General Form  $Ax + By + C = 0$ .

Let's consider the following 3 lines:

Equation	$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 15$	$y = -\frac{2}{3}x - 2$	$y = \frac{3}{2}x + 12$
Slope			
y-intercept			
x-intercept			

What do you notice?

The Equation of a Line (in Slope-Intercept form):

**Example** Write the equation of each line in slope-intercept form.

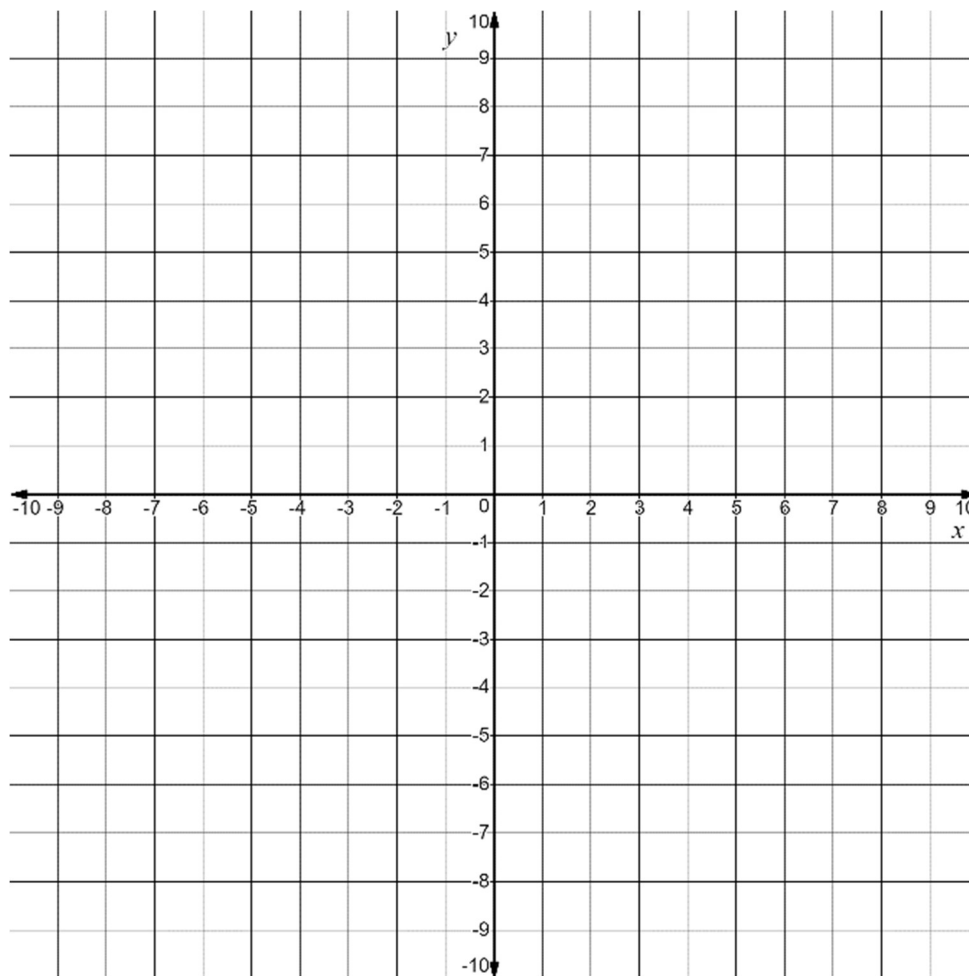
**Example** Graph each of the following lines without using a table of values.

a.

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$$

b.

$$y = -3x - 4$$



**Example** Which of the following points are on the line represented by the equation  $y = 2x + 3$ ? How do you know?

(10, 23)

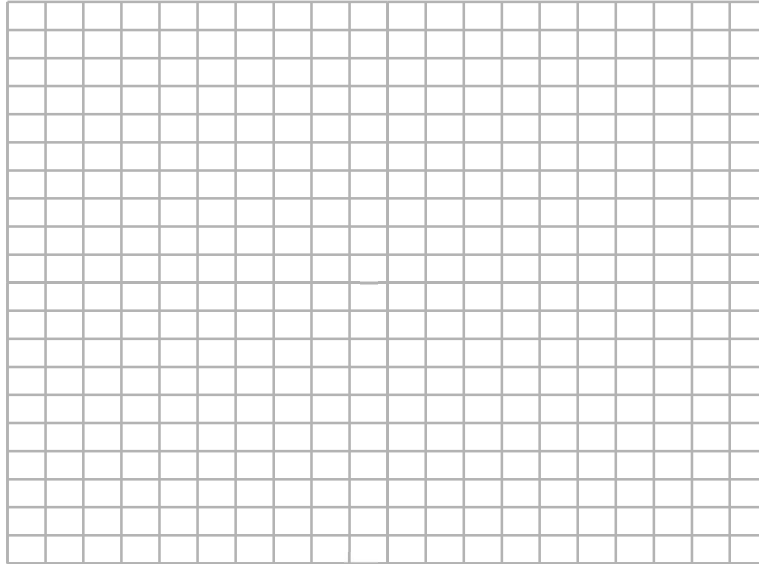
(1.5, 5)

(5, 12)

(200, 403)

**Example** Student Council decides to hold a dinner-dance. The cost to decorate the gym, rent the dishes and sound equipment and to print the posters advertising the event is \$475. Dinner costs \$20 per person.

- a. Graph the cost of the event against the number of people who attend. The gym can hold a maximum of 400 people.



- b. Write an equation to represent the cost of hosting the dance. Let  $C$  represent the total cost and  $n$  the number of students who attend.

- c. What does the slope represent? What does the  $y$ -intercept represent??