Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

Learning Goal 6.2
Constructing and using the following forms of a linear equation:

- Slope - Intercept Form $y=m x+b$,
- Slope - Point Form $y-y_{1}=m\left(x-x_{1}\right)$, and
- General Form $A x+B y+C=0$.

Warmup State the slope and $y$-intercept of each line represented below.
a. $\left(-y=\frac{4}{5} x+3\right) x-1 \quad y=-\frac{4}{5} x-3 \quad$ so $m=-\frac{4}{5}, b=-3$
b.


| Line | Slope | y-intercept |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | 0 | 8 |
| $b$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 4 |
| $c$ | $N / S$ | - |
| $d$ | $-\frac{1}{2}$ | -6 |

Equation of a Line

Slope-Intercept Form

$$
y=m x+b
$$

General Form
Standard Form
$a x+b y+c=0$
$a \in W N \quad b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$

Example Each of the following equations represent a line. How do we know? Which of these lines is properly written in general form?
a. $213 x-3 y-336=0$

- general
form
b. $\quad-2 x+3 y+6=0$


## - not general

form
c. $\frac{2}{5} x+\frac{2}{6} y+6=0$
d. $\quad 2 x+y=15$

- not general
form
not a whole number
$\iota^{\text {not }} a_{\#}$ whole

Example Find the x-intercept, y-intercept and slope for the line:
a.
$x-\operatorname{int}(y=0)^{2 x-5 y+10=0} \quad y-\operatorname{int}(x=0)$

$$
\begin{aligned}
2 x-5(0)+10 & =0 \\
2 x+10 & =0 \\
-10 & -10 \\
\frac{2 x}{2} & =\frac{-10}{2} \\
x & =-5
\end{aligned}
$$

b.


Example Find the x and y intercepts then convert to slope-intercept form.
a.
$4 x-16 y+24=0$
b.
$3 x-10 y+30=0$

Example Write each of the following equations in general form:
a. $\quad y=2 x+3$
b.
$y=\frac{4}{5} x-2$
c. $y-3=-\frac{2}{5}(x+7)$

Example Graph each of the following lines using their $x$ and $y$ intercepts.
a. $2 x-3 y+6=0$
b. $\quad 5 x+3 y-9=0$
c. $\quad 7 x-5 y=14$


Example The equation of a line is $2 x-3 y-k=0$. Point $\mathrm{C}(3,-5)$ is on the line. What is the value of $k$ ?

