Name:	 Date:	

For each type of question, the achievement level is indicated. Showing work is an important strategy in communicating your knowledge and ideas so please be thorough.

	Using angles in standard position and relating them to
Learning Goal 2.1	special angle triangles, the unit circle, reference and
	co-terminal angles and the terminal arm.

	Developing
1. Draw the two special angle triangles.	

Developing					
2. Determine the quadrant in v	vhich the terminal arm of each angle	in standard position lies.			
a. 280°	b. 88°	c. 191°			
d. 103°	e. 387°	f. 267°			
g128°	h. –23°	i. 460°			
	Proficient				
3. Find the reference angle of 6	3. Find the reference angle of each angle and sketch the angle in standard position.				
a. 280°	b. 88°	c. 191°			
d. 103°	e. 387°	f. 267°			
g128°	h23°	i. 460°			

Proficient					
4.	4. For each angle, determine the other angles, $0 \le \theta \le 360$ , that have the same reference angle.				
a.	34°	b.	98°	c.	241°
d.	290°	e.	175°	f.	191°
	Extending				
g.	-56°	h.	-109°	i.	-250°
j.	473°	k.	382°	I.	567°

Name:	Date: _	
	Chapter 2 Review	

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Chapter 2 Review

For each type of question, the achievement level is indicated. Showing work is an important strategy in communicating your knowledge and ideas so please be thorough.

Learning Goal 2.2	Using trigonometric ratios and solving simple
Learning Goar 2.2	trigonometric equations.

Developing					
1. For the following coordinate	1. For the following coordinates on the terminal arm of an angle $ heta$ , find the exact value of $ an heta$ and				
the value of $ heta$ to the neares	t degree.				
a. A(4,7)	b. B(3,4)	c. $C(5,8)$			
	Proficient				
d. $D(-4,8)$	e. $F(-2,5)$	f. $G(-9,3)$			
g. $H(-3, -5)$	h. $J(-8, -3)$	i. $K(-4, -4)$			
j. $M(6, -4)$	k. N(3, -7)	I. $P(7,-6)$			

Proficient					
2. For the fo	2. For the following coordinates on the terminal arm of an angle $\theta$ , find the exact value of $\sin \theta$ and				
$\cos \theta$ .					
a. $A(4,7)$	b.	B(3,4)	c.	C(5,8)	
d. $D(-4,8)$	e.	F(-2,4)	f.	G(-9,3)	
g. $H(-3, -5)$	h.	J(-8, -3)	i.	K(-4, -4)	
j. $M(6, -4)$	k.	N(3, -7)	I.	P(7, -6)	

	Proficient							
,	3. Given the foll	owing informa	tion, fi	nd the exact valu	ie of the othe	r two	trigonometric rati	OS.
a.	a. $\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{4}$ $\theta \in III$ b. $\tan \theta = -\frac{3}{7}$ $\theta \in II$ c. $\sin \theta = -\frac{3}{4}$ $\theta \in IV$							
d.	$\cos\theta = \frac{2}{3}$	$\theta \in I$	e.	$\tan\theta = \frac{8}{3}$	θεIII	f.	$\sin\theta = \frac{3}{4}$	$\theta \in II$

Developing					
4. Given the following equation	4. Given the following equations, determine all possible quadrants that the terminal arm of the				
resulting angle lies.	resulting angle lies.				
a. $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{4}$	b. $\cos \theta = -\frac{4}{3}$	c. $\cos \theta = \frac{4}{5}$			
d. $\sin \theta = -\frac{2}{5}$	e. $\sin \theta = \frac{3}{10}$	f. $\sin \theta = \frac{5}{2}$			
g. $\tan \theta = \frac{12}{5}$	h. $\tan \theta = -\frac{2}{5}$	i. $\tan \theta = \frac{4}{5}$			

#### **Proficient**

5. Given the following equations, find all possible values of  $\theta$  to the nearest degree, when  $0 \le \theta \le 360$ .

L			
	a. $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{4}$	b. $\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{4}$	c. $\cos \theta = \frac{4}{5}$
	d. $\sin \theta = -\frac{2}{5}$	e. $\sin \theta = \frac{3}{10}$	f. $\sin \theta = \frac{2}{5}$
	g. $\tan \theta = \frac{12}{5}$	h. $\tan \theta = -\frac{2}{5}$	i. $\tan \theta = \frac{4}{5}$

### Extending

- 6. Determine the exact value of cos 330°. Please include a diagram with your solution.
- 7. Determine the exact value of  $\sin 240^{\circ}$ . Please include a diagram with your solution.
- 8. Determine the exact value of tan 135°. Please include a diagram with your solution.
- 9. Solve for  $\theta$ ,  $\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ , where  $-360^{\circ} \le \theta < 0^{\circ}$ . Please include a diagram with your solution.
- 10. Solve for  $\theta$ ,  $\cos\theta = -\frac{1}{2}$ , where  $-180^{\circ} \le \theta < 180^{\circ}$ . Please include a diagram with your solution.
- 11. Solve for  $\theta$ ,  $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ , where  $-360^{\circ} \le \theta < 360^{\circ}$ . Please include a diagram with your solution.
- 12. Determine  $\sin \theta$  of all the angles,  $0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 360^{\circ}$  that have  $30^{\circ}$  as a reference angle.

# **Extending**

- 13. Explain, to the best of your ability, why  $cos(90 \theta) = sin \theta$ .
- 14. Explain, to the best of your ability, when  $\tan \theta = 0$  and why.

15. Prove 
$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$
.

16. A fire spotter sees smoke rising from a point that lies in a direction  $E80^{\circ}N$ . He estimates that the distance from his location is about 20 km. The firefighters must travel east then north to get to the fire. To the nearest kilometre, how far should the firefighters travel in each direction, to the nearest tenth of a kilometre?

For each type of question, the achievement level is indicated. Showing work is an important strategy in communicating your knowledge and ideas so please be thorough.

Learning Cool 2.2	Use of sine and cosine laws to solve non-right			
Learning Goal 2.3	triangles, including ambiguous cases.			

1. Solve for the unknown in each triangle, rounding all distances to the nearest tenth and all angles to the nearest degree.

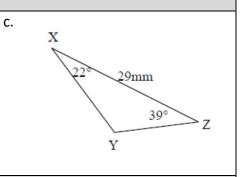
	Developing				
a.	x 35° 44mm	b.	21cm 48° 61°	C.	x 52° 118° 45m
d.	9.4cm $\theta$ 7cm	e.	55cm 61° 50cm	f.	4.9m 9.1m 8.3m
			Proficient		
g.	Find z when $x = 29$ m, $y = 15$ m, and $\angle Z = 122^{\circ}$	h.	Find $\angle C$ when $a=26$ m, $b=16$ m, $c=21$ m and $\angle A=88^\circ$	i.	Find $\not \Delta H$ when $g=13$ cm, $h=8$ cm, and $j=15$ cm
j.	Find $k$ when $l = 16$ m, $4M = 58^{\circ}$ and $4K = 93^{\circ}$	k.	Find $\angle N$ when $n=31$ mm, $p=28$ mm, and $\angle M=62^{\circ}$	I.	Find $\angle R$ when $p=26$ m, $q=24$ m, $r=6$ m and $\angle P=103^\circ$

		Extending						
	m.	Find $a$ when $b = 24$ cm, $c = 20$ cm, and $\angle C = 43^{\circ}$	n.	Find $\angle Q$ when $r=26$ km, $p=25$ km and $\angle P=70^{\circ}$	0.	Find $\not \Delta F$ when $f = 7$ cm, $g = 5$ cm, and $\not \Delta G = 73^{\circ}$		
ſ	p.	Find $s$ when $t = 7$ mm,	q.	Find $4Z$ when $x = 18$ m,	r.	Find $c$ when $a = 28$ ft,		
		$u = 33$ mm, and $\Delta U = 145^{\circ}$		$y = 9 \text{ m} \text{ and } 4Y = 84^{\circ}$		$b=27$ ft, and $\angle B=45^{\circ}$		

2. Solve the following triangles, rounding all distances to the nearest tenth and all angles to the nearest degree.

a.	
	В
	51° 71°/
	9.8cm
	$\vee$
	Ċ

b. R R 15m 17.5m



Extending

a. 
$$a = 4 \text{ m}, b = 11 \text{ m}$$
  
and  $c = 8 \text{ m}$ 

- b. q = 23 m, p = 14 m and $4Q = 105^{\circ}$
- $h = 9 \text{ km}, \angle F = 22^{\circ} \text{ and}$  $\angle H = 13^{\circ}$

c.