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Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Chapter 4 Review Answers

For each type of question, the achievement level is indicated. Showing work is an important strategy in communicating your knowledge and ideas so please be thorough.

<b>Learning Goal 4.1</b>	Identify and order irrational numbers.
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tell whether each number is rational or irrational.</li> <li>For those that are irrational, estimate the value of the radical to <b>one decimal place, without a calculator</b>.</li> <li>For those that are rational, evaluate the radical <b>without a calculator</b>. You may use your sheet of perfect numbers (from Section 4.1)</li> </ul>		
Developing	Proficient	
1. $\sqrt{81}$ • rational • = 9	2. $\sqrt[5]{100}$ • irrational • $\approx 2.5$	3. $\sqrt[4]{2000}$ • irrational • $\approx 6.7$
4. $\sqrt{169}$ • rational • = 13	5. $\sqrt[3]{64}$ • rational • = 4	6. $\sqrt[3]{1\,738}$ • irrational • $\approx 12.0$
7. $\sqrt{150}$ • irrational • $\approx 12.2$	8. $\sqrt[4]{16}$ • rational • = 2	9. $\sqrt[5]{1864}$ • irrational • $\approx 4.5$
10. $\sqrt{125}$ • irrational • $\approx 11.2$	11. $\sqrt[3]{81}$ • irrational • $\approx 4.3$	12. $\sqrt[3]{100}$ • irrational • $\approx 4.6$
13. $\sqrt{121}$ • rational • = 11	14. $\sqrt[3]{216}$ • rational • = 6	15. $\sqrt[4]{1\,296}$ • rational • = 6
16. $\sqrt{49}$ • rational • = 7	17. $\sqrt[4]{75}$ • irrational • $\approx 2.9$	18. $\sqrt[7]{128}$ • rational • = 2
19. $\sqrt{200}$ • irrational • $\approx 14.1$	20. $\sqrt[4]{81}$ • rational • = 3	21. $\sqrt[5]{248\,832}$ • rational • = 12

Developing			
State the index and the radicand of each radical.			
1. $\sqrt[3]{64}$	3, 64	2. $\sqrt[4]{20\,000}$	4, 20 000
3. $\sqrt[4]{16}$	4, 16	4. $\sqrt{1\,738}$	2, 1 738

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5. $\sqrt[3]{216}$ 3,216	6. $\sqrt[5]{1\,864}$ 5,1864
7. $\sqrt[4]{81}$ 4,81	8. $\sqrt[3]{10\,000}$ 3,10000

<b>Proficient/Extending</b>
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Use a number line to order these numbers from least to greatest, <b>without a calculator</b> .
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1. $\sqrt{25}, \sqrt[3]{30}, \sqrt[3]{-8}, \sqrt[4]{20}, \sqrt{\frac{144}{9}}$
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$\sqrt[3]{-8}, \sqrt[4]{20}, \sqrt[3]{30}, \sqrt{\frac{144}{9}}, \sqrt{25}$
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2. $\sqrt[5]{-243}, \sqrt{4}, \sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{216}}, \sqrt{12}, \sqrt[3]{6}$
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$\sqrt[5]{-243}, \sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{216}}, \sqrt[3]{6}, \sqrt{4}, \sqrt{12}$
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**Learning Goal 4.2**

Express an entire radical as a simplified mixed radical and vice versa.

Developing	Proficient	Extending
Write each radical in simplest form, <b>without a calculator</b> .		
1. $\sqrt{125}$ $5\sqrt{5}$	2. $\sqrt[3]{216}$ 6	3. $\sqrt{216k^3}$ $6k\sqrt{6k}$
4. $\sqrt{512}$ $2^4\sqrt{2} = 16\sqrt{2}$	5. $\sqrt[4]{405}$ $3\sqrt[4]{5}$	6. $\sqrt[3]{-96xy^4}$ $2y\sqrt[3]{-12xy}$
7. $\sqrt{80}$ $4\sqrt{5}$	8. $\sqrt[3]{-100}$ $\sqrt[3]{-100}$	9. $\sqrt[4]{48m^5n^4}$ $2mn\sqrt[4]{3m}$
10. $\sqrt{147}$ $7\sqrt{3}$	11. $\sqrt[3]{80}$ $2\sqrt[3]{10}$	12. $\sqrt[5]{a^7b^{10}c^2d^{12}}$ $ab^2d^2\sqrt[5]{a^2c^2d^2}$

Developing	Proficient	Extending
Write each mixed radical as an entire radical, <b>without a calculator</b> .		
1. $2\sqrt{3}$ $\sqrt{2^2 \times 3} = \sqrt{12}$	2. $-2\sqrt[3]{8}$ $\sqrt[3]{-2^3 \times 8} = \sqrt[3]{-64}$	3. $12\sqrt{k^3}$ $\sqrt{12^2k^3} = \sqrt{144k^3}$
4. $3\sqrt{5}$ $\sqrt{3^2 \times 5} = \sqrt{45}$	5. $5\sqrt[4]{2}$ $\sqrt[4]{2 \times 5^4} = \sqrt[4]{1250}$	6. $-xy\sqrt[3]{9xy^4}$ $\sqrt[3]{(-xy)^3 \times 9xy^4} = \sqrt[3]{-9x^4y^7}$
7. $6\sqrt{3}$ $\sqrt{3 \times 6^2} = \sqrt{108}$	8. $6\sqrt[3]{10}$ $\sqrt[3]{6^3 \times 10} = \sqrt[3]{2160}$	9. $-3m\sqrt[4]{4mn^4}$ $\sqrt[4]{(-3m)^2 \times 4mn^4} = \sqrt[4]{36m^3n^4}$
10. $4\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2 \times 4^2} = \sqrt{32}$	11. $-8\sqrt[3]{8}$ $\sqrt[3]{8 \times -8^3} = \sqrt[3]{-4096}$	12. $a^2d^3\sqrt[5]{a^3b^5c^2}$ $\sqrt[5]{(a^2d^3)^5 \times a^3b^5c^2}$ $= \sqrt[5]{a^{13}b^5c^2d^{15}}$

Extending
Simplify the radical. $\sqrt[n]{3 \times 2^n \times x^{2n}y^{n+3}}$ $2x^2y^n\sqrt[n]{3y^3}$
Write the mixed radical as an entire radical. $2ab^2 \times \sqrt[n]{5ab^2}$ $\sqrt[n]{(2ab^2)^n \times 5ab^2} = \sqrt[n]{2^n \times 5 \times a^{n+1}b^{2n+2}}$

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**Learning Goal 4.3**

Evaluate expressions with fractional and negative exponents. Connect fractional exponents to radicals, and negative exponents to reciprocals.

<b>Developing</b>		
Simplify each power, to a mixed radical where appropriate, <b>without a calculator</b> .		
1. $20^{1/2}$ $2\sqrt{5}$	2. $12^{1/2}$ $2\sqrt{3}$	3. $15^{1/3}$ $\sqrt[3]{15}$
4. $18^{1/3}$ $\sqrt[3]{18}$	5. $32^{1/2}$ $4\sqrt{2}$	6. $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-4}$ $\frac{81}{16}$
7. $\left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^{-2}$ 100	8. $\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^{-3}$ $\frac{8}{125}$	9. $\left(\frac{6}{2}\right)^{-4}$ $\frac{1}{81}$
<b>Proficient</b>		
10. $18^{2/3}$ $3\sqrt[3]{2^2 \times 3} = 3\sqrt[3]{12}$	11. $32^{4/3}$ $2^6\sqrt[3]{2^2} = 64\sqrt[3]{4}$	12. $50^{3/2}$ $2 \times 5^3\sqrt{2} = 250\sqrt{2}$
13. $125^{2/3}$ $5^2 = 25$	14. $27^{5/3}$ $3^5 = 243$	15. $0.5^{-2}$ $2^2 = 4$
16. $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-1/2}$ 2	17. $(-1000)^{-2/3}$ $\frac{1}{100}$	18. $(-0.008)^{-4/3}$ $5^4 = 625$

<b>Developing</b>		
Express each radical as a power.		
1. $\sqrt{17^3}$ $17^{3/2}$	2. $\sqrt[4]{15^5}$ $15^{5/4}$	3. $\sqrt[2]{12^6}$ $12^2$
<b>Proficient</b>		
4. $\sqrt{(4x^2)^3}$ $8x^3$	5. $\sqrt[3]{64x^6}$ $4x^2$	6. $(\sqrt[4]{81a^8})^2$ $9a^4$

## Chapter 4 Review Answers

Proficient			
Simplify each expression <b>without a calculator</b> . Your answers should contain only positive, whole number exponents.			
1.	$\frac{0.5x^{-2}}{2x^2}$	2.	$\left(\frac{a^2}{9}\right)^{-1/2}$ $\frac{3}{a}$
3.	$\frac{(-8q^6)^{-2/3}}{4q^4}$	4.	$\frac{(-0.027m^3)^{-4/3}}{10\,000}$ $\frac{1}{81m^4}$
Extending			
5.	$\frac{(12x^3y^2)^{1/2}}{2xy\sqrt{3x}}$	6.	$\frac{(18a^2b^5)^{2/3}}{3ab^3\sqrt[3]{12ab}}$
7.	$\frac{(32m^2n^8)^{3/4}}{8mn^6\sqrt[4]{8m^2}}$	8.	
9.	$\frac{(64p^5q^9)^{4/3}}{2^8p^6q^{12}\sqrt[3]{p^2}}$	10.	$3xy\left(\frac{x^2}{y^2}\right)^{-1/2}$ $3y^2$
11.	$\frac{(9a^3b^6)^{-1/2}}{(3a^3b^6)^{-2}}$ $3a^4b^9\sqrt{a}$	12.	$\frac{(8x^{n+2}y^{n+1})^{2/n}}{x^2y^{2n}\sqrt[2]{26x^4y^2}}$

Proficient	Extending
Write each power as a radical in <b>two different ways</b> .	Write each power as a radical in <b>two different ways</b> , then write in simplest form <b>without a calculator</b> .
1. $26^{2/5}$ $\sqrt[5]{26^2} = (\sqrt[5]{26})^2$	2. $20^{2/3}$ $\sqrt[3]{20^2} = (\sqrt[3]{20})^2 = 2\sqrt[3]{50}$
3. $19^{3/4}$ $\sqrt[4]{19^3} = (\sqrt[4]{19})^3$	4. $25^{2/3}$ $\sqrt[3]{25^2} = (\sqrt[3]{25})^2 = 5\sqrt[3]{5}$
5. $6^{5/2}$ $\sqrt{6^5} = (\sqrt{6})^5$	6. $(9n^4)^{3/2}$ $\sqrt{(9n^4)^3} = (\sqrt{9n^4})^3 = 27n^6$
7. $40^{2/3}$ $\sqrt[3]{40^2} = (\sqrt[3]{40})^2$	8. $(40a^3b^4)^{2/3}$ $\sqrt[3]{(40a^3b^4)^2} = (\sqrt[3]{40a^3b^4})^2 = 4a^2b^2\sqrt[3]{25b^2}$
9. $3^{5/4}$ $\sqrt[4]{3^5} = (\sqrt[4]{3})^5$	10. $(72p^3q)^{5/2}$ $\sqrt{(72p^3q)^5} = (\sqrt{72p^3q})^5 = 2^73^5p^7q^2\sqrt{2pq}$

Extending
Arrange these numbers in order from least to greatest, <b>without using a calculator</b> . $\sqrt[3]{9}, 9^{3/2}, 9, (\sqrt[5]{9})^4, 9^{1/2}$ $\sqrt[3]{9}, 9^{1/2}, (\sqrt[5]{9})^4, 9, 9^{3/2}$
Suppose you want \$5000 in three years. The interest rate for a savings account is 2.9% compounded annually. The money, $P$ dollars, you must invest now is given by the formula $P = 5000(1.029)^{-3}$ How much must you invest now to have \$5000 in three years? \$4589.06

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**Learning Goal 4.4**

Use exponent laws to simplify expressions with rational exponents.

Proficient		Extending	
Simplify <b>without using a calculator</b> . Your answers should contain only positive, whole number exponents.			
1.	$2m^2 \cdot 2m^3$ $= 4m^5$	2.	$(x^{-2}x^{-3})^4$ $= \frac{1}{x^{20}}$
3.	$m^4 \cdot 2m^{-3}$ $= 2m$	4.	$(n^3)^{-1/3} \cdot 2n^{-1}$ $= \frac{2}{n^2}$
5.	$\frac{a^3}{a^5} \cdot a^{-2}$ $= \frac{1}{a^4}$	6.	$x^2y^{-4} \cdot (xy)^2$ $= \frac{x^4}{y^2}$
7.	$4n^4 \cdot 2n^{-3}$ $= 8n$	8.	$(2x^4y^{-3})^{-1}$ $= \frac{y^3}{2x^4}$
9.	$\frac{2x^4y^{-4}z^{-3}}{3x^2y^{-3}z^4}$ $= \frac{2x^2}{3yz^7}$	10.	$(16a^2b^6)^{-1/2}$ $= \frac{1}{8a^2b^6}$
11.	$2x^3y^{-3} \cdot 2x^{-1}y^3$ $= 4x^2$	12.	$\left(\frac{x^2y}{y^{-2}}\right)^{-2}$ $= \frac{1}{x^4y^6}$
13.	$2y^{5/2} \cdot 3y^{-3}$ $= \frac{6\sqrt{y}}{y}$	14.	$ba^4 \cdot (2b^6a^4)^{-3/2}$ $= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4a^2b^8}$
15.	$4v^3 \cdot v^{-1/3}u^{-2}$ $= \frac{4v^2\sqrt[3]{v^2}}{u}$	16.	$\frac{(2x^{-3}z^2)^3}{x^3y^4z^2 \cdot x^{-4}z^3}$ $= \frac{8z}{x^8y^4}$
17.	$4a^3b^2 \cdot 3a^{-4}b^{-3}$ $= \frac{12}{a^4b^3}$	18.	$\frac{(16pm^{-1})^{-1/4} \cdot 2m^{-1}p^3}{2pq^2}$ $= \frac{p^4\sqrt[4]{mp^3}}{2mq^2}$

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19.	$\frac{2y^3 \cdot 3xy^3}{3x^2y^4}$ $= \frac{2y^2}{x}$	20.	$(m \cdot m^{-2} \cdot n^{5/3})^2$ $= \frac{n^3 \sqrt[3]{n}}{m^2}$
21.	$4r^{-3} \cdot 2r^2$ $= \frac{8}{r}$	22.	$\left(\frac{x^{1/2}y^{-2}}{x^2y^{1/2}}\right)^4$ $= \frac{1}{x^6y^{10}}$
23.	$\frac{3m^{-4}}{m^3}$ $= \frac{3}{m^7}$	24.	$\frac{(x^3y^2)^{3/2}}{(x^{-1}y^{-2/3})^{1/4}}$ $= x^4y^3\sqrt{x^3}\sqrt[4]{y}$ $= x^4y^{3^{12}}\sqrt{x^9y^2}$
25.	$2k^4 \cdot 4k$ $= 8k^5$	26.	$(x^{-1/2}y^2)^{-5/4}$ $= \frac{x^2y^{1/2}}{\sqrt[8]{x^5}}$ $= \frac{x^2y^3}{x^2y^3}$

<b>Extending</b>
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Write 3 different expressions for each result.

- 1.
- $x^{3/2}$
- as the product of two powers with rational exponents.

$$x \times x^{1/2} = x^{-1} \times x^{5/2} = x^{-3/2} \times x^3$$

- 2.
- $x^{3/2}$
- as the quotient of two powers with rational exponents.

$$\frac{x^2}{x^{1/2}} = \frac{x}{x^{-1/2}} = \frac{x^{5/2}}{x}$$

- 3.
- $x^{3/2}$
- as the result of raising a power with a rational exponent to a rational exponent.

$$(x^{1/2})^3 = (x^3)^{1/2} = (x^{3/5})^{5/2}$$

Simplify and write as both a power and a radical.

$$\frac{(\sqrt[3]{x^4})(\sqrt[5]{x^2})}{x^{26/15}} = (\sqrt[15]{x})^{26}$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{y^3})(\sqrt[5]{y^4})}{x^{23/10}} = \frac{10\sqrt{x^{23}}}{x^{23/10}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{a^5b^6}}{a^{5/6}b} = b^6\sqrt[6]{a^5}$$



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**Extending**

Scientists use the formula

$$d = 0.099m^{9/10}$$

to calculate the volume of water,  $d$  litres, that a mammal with mass  $m$  kilograms should drink in one day.

Calculate how much water a 550 kg moose should drink in 3 days.

86.9 litres